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Space Impact Ejecta Model of Micrometeoroid Collision on MISSE-6

Kelby T. Peterson
Utah State University

JR Dennison
Utah State University

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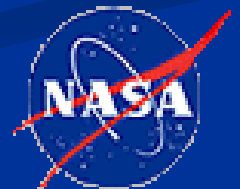
Space Impact Ejecta Model of Micrometeoroid Collision on MISSE-6

Kelby Peterson

Physics Department Utah State University, Logan Utah U.S.A.

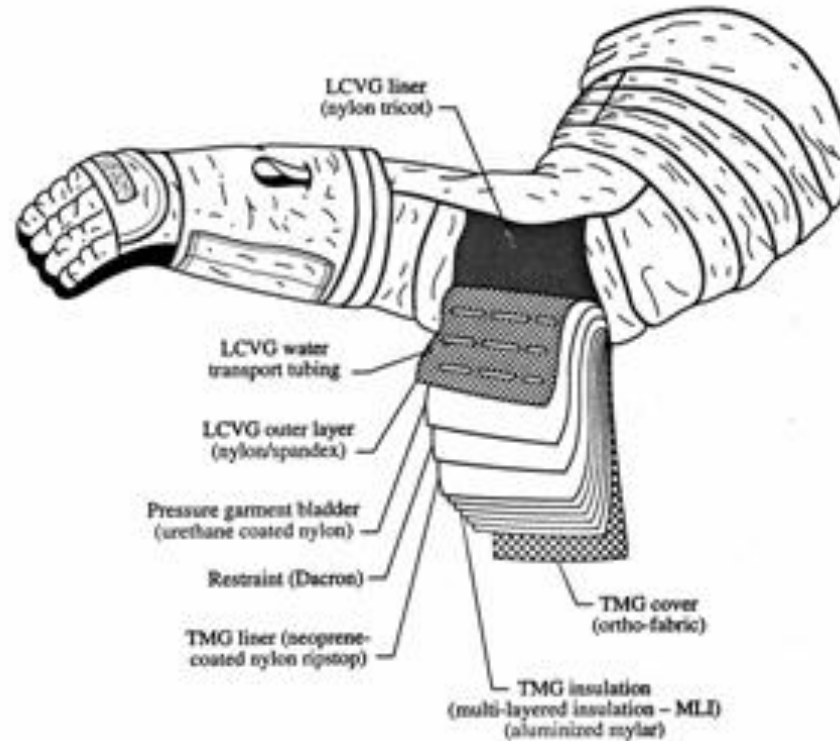
Co-Author

J.R. Dennison

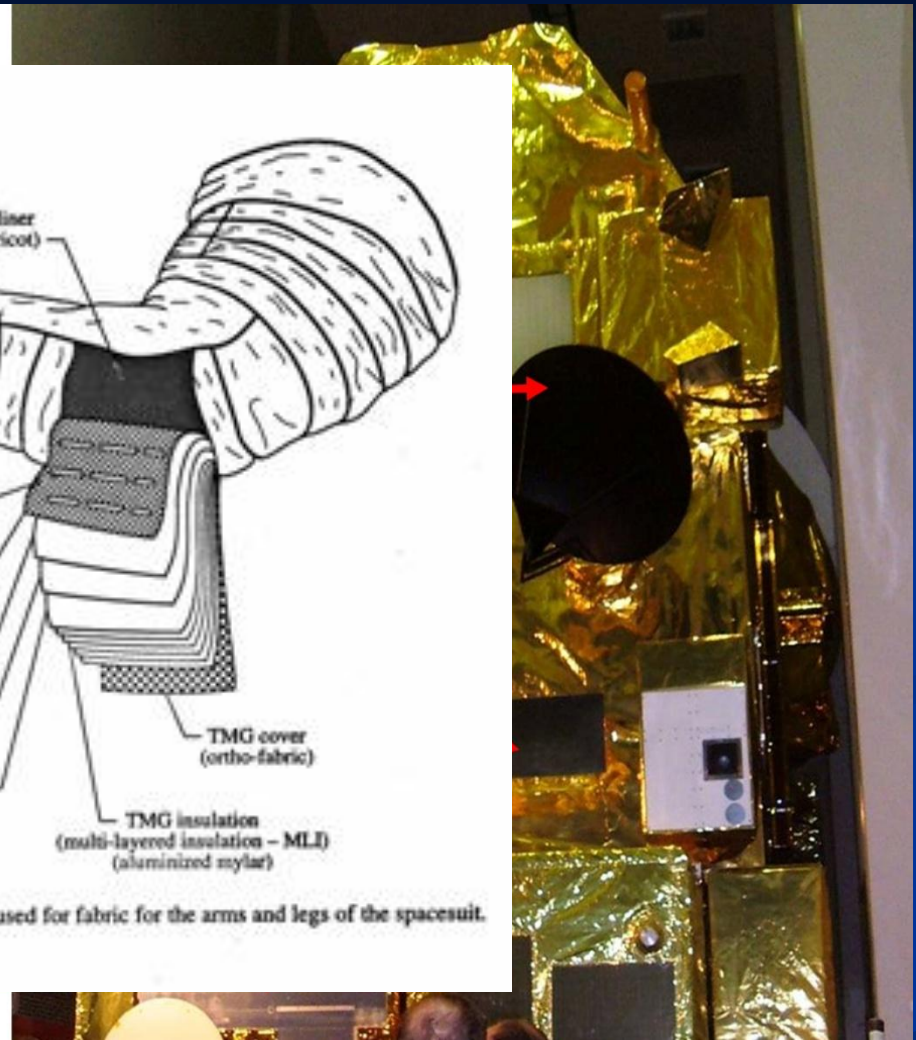


This large communication satellite incorporates materials in SU

- Graphite Composite
- Au/Mylar
- Kapton
- Black Kapton
- Aquadag
- Al
- White Paint
- ITO
- RTV
- FR4
- Coverglass



Cross section of material layup used for fabric for the arms and legs of the spacesuit.








UV-Int.

UV Exposure Time

The duration of the MISSE flight was

$$\Delta t_{\text{MISSE}} := 1.5 \cdot \text{yr} = 548 \cdot \text{day}$$

Time for first sample:

$$\Delta t_1 := \frac{\Delta t_{\text{MISSE}}}{\text{AF}} = 145.685 \cdot \text{day}$$

IS:

Vacuum ultraviolet (VUV) 10 nm to 200

$$J_{\text{VUV}} := (0.0057\%) \cdot J_{\text{sun}} = 7.83 \times 10^{-3} \cdot \frac{\text{mW}}{2}$$

Enhancement factor:

$$\text{EN} := 8$$

Time for first sample:

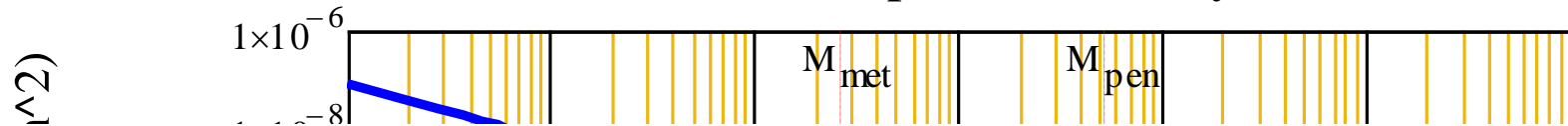
$$\Delta t_{1_EN} := \frac{\Delta t_{\text{MISSE}}}{\text{AF} \cdot \text{EN}} = 1.573 \times 10^6; \Delta t_{1_EN} = 18.211 \cdot \text{day}$$



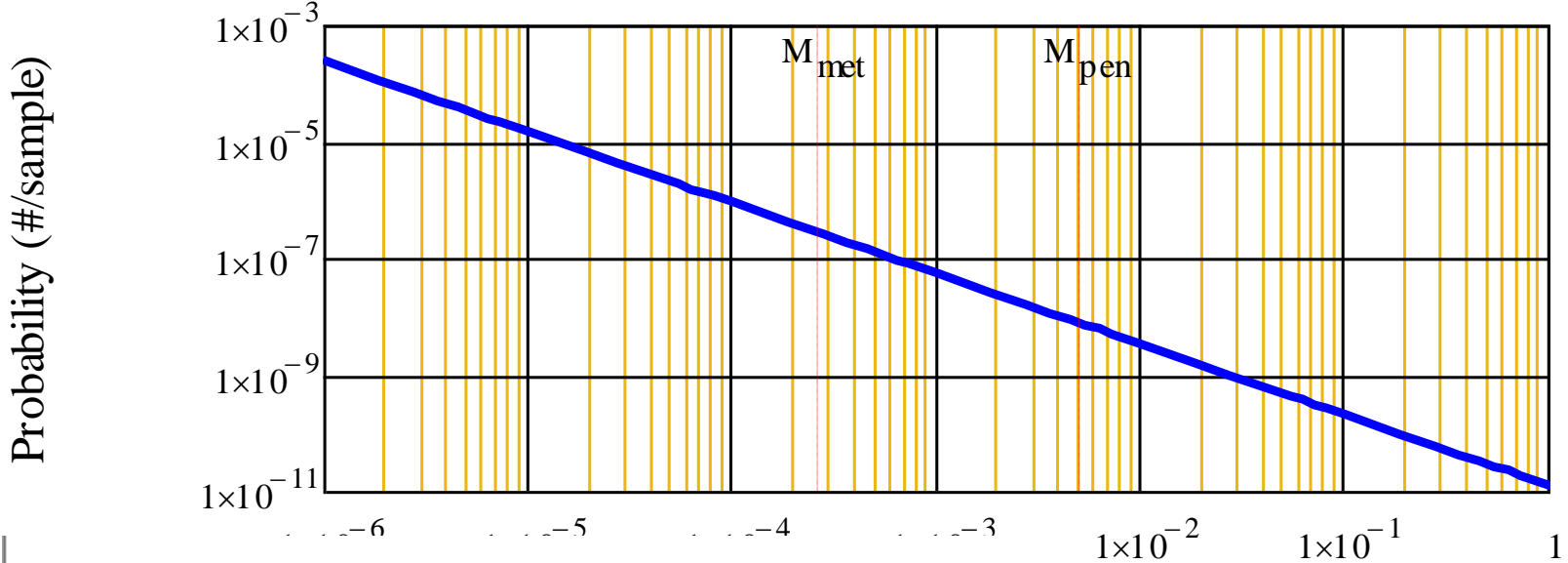
Tylar

Calculate the velocity of the ISS at its mean orbit

Cummulative Impact Probability Flux



Cummulative Impact Probability for SUSpECS Sample



Cour-Palais formula:
$$N_m(M) := 10^{\left(-14.37 - 1.21 \cdot \log\left(\frac{M}{\text{gm}}\right)\right)} \cdot \frac{\text{impacts}}{\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{s}}$$

Thanks
Questions?