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## Seven Mile Site Quick Facts

SageSTEP

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# SageSTEP

## Sagebrush Steppe Treatment Evaluation Project

SageSTEP is an interdisciplinary, long-term research program evaluating ways to improve the health of sagebrush rangelands across the Great Basin. The purpose of SageSTEP is to conduct research and provide improved information about restoring sagebrush rangelands degraded by conifer encroachment or exotic grassland invasion. This information will help resource managers make restoration management decisions with reduced risk and uncertainty. The project is a collaborative effort among researchers and land managers in a variety of disciplines from five universities, six federal agencies and one non-profit organization in six states in the Great Basin.

Treatment options—including prescribed fire, mechanical thinning of shrubs and trees, and herbicide applications—are being evaluated to learn how to create healthy and diverse plant communities that will be more resilient to fire and resistant to weed invasion. All treatments were implemented in the same year at each site in the fall of 2006, 2007, or 2008. Baseline data were collected at all sites prior to treatment, and post-treatment data have been collected each subsequent year through 2009. Less frequent, longer-term monitoring will help researchers more fully understand treatment impacts.



### Multidisciplinary Data Collection

**Vegetation and Fuels:** 10-, 100-, and 1000-hour fuel samples, along with other vegetation and fuel measurements are collected in both the understory and overstory. Vegetation measurements will allow scientists to learn more about the plant community responds to prescribed fire and other management treatments.

**Soils:** Soils are sampled for chemical analyses and soil profile descriptions to tell scientists more about the effects of treatments on the availability of essential plant nutrients and to help explain vegetation response.

**Hydrology:** Rainfall simulations are conducted on small (0.5m<sup>2</sup>) and large (35m<sup>2</sup>) plots, and measurements are taken to help scientists better understand relationships between changes in vegetation and ground cover and runoff and erosion.

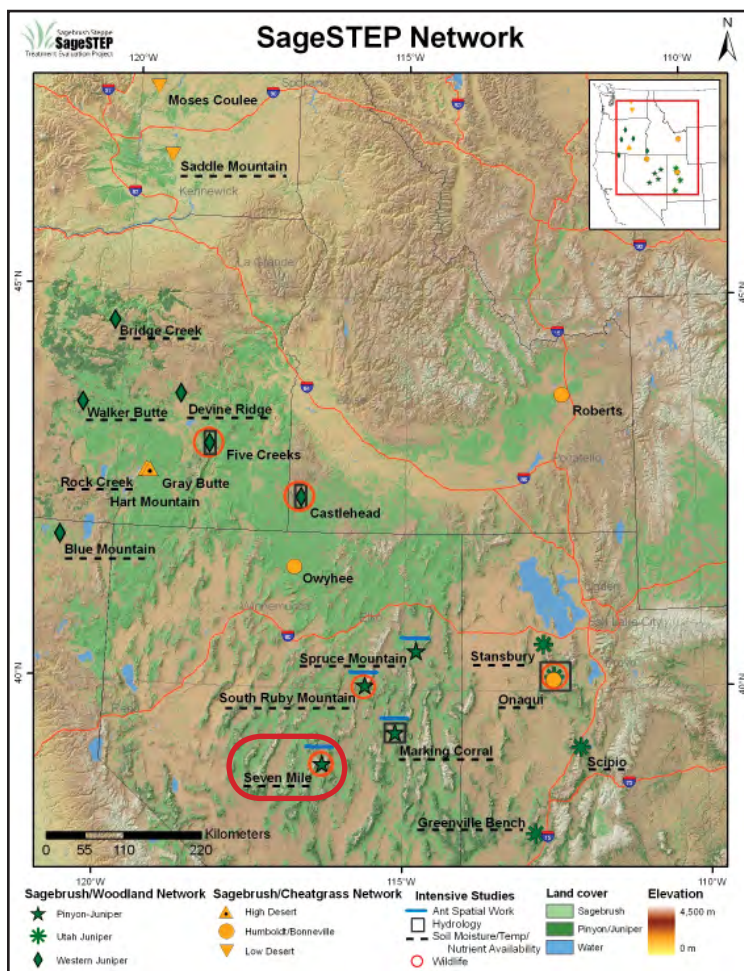
**Wildlife:** Wildlife data collection focuses on the effects of treatments on migratory songbirds.

**Insects:** Butterflies are surveyed for biodiversity, and ants are studied for their importance in seed dispersal and predation in sagebrush-steppe systems.

**Additional Data:** Yearly standard photographs are taken, and multiple soil moisture sensors, and a climate station are present at each site.

**Economics:** Environmental valuation study will identify and measure changes in environmental benefits (such as recreation and ranching) resulting from ecosystem changes caused by treatments.

**Sociopolitical:** Studies focus on understanding the social acceptability of management practices as well as factors that influence managers' willingness to use them.





## Seven Mile Site Quick Facts

**Location:** Eureka and Nye Counties, ~40 miles from Eureka, NV

**Land Management Agency:** Humboldt-Toiyabe National Forest, Austin-Tonopah Ranger District (burn and control plots); BLM Battle Mountain District Office (mechanical plot)

**Plots:** Three 40-acre core plots (Control, Burn, Mechanical); two 1050-acre extensive plots (Control and Burn)

**Elevation:** 7200-7900 ft

**Topography:** 6-15% slopes and varying aspect

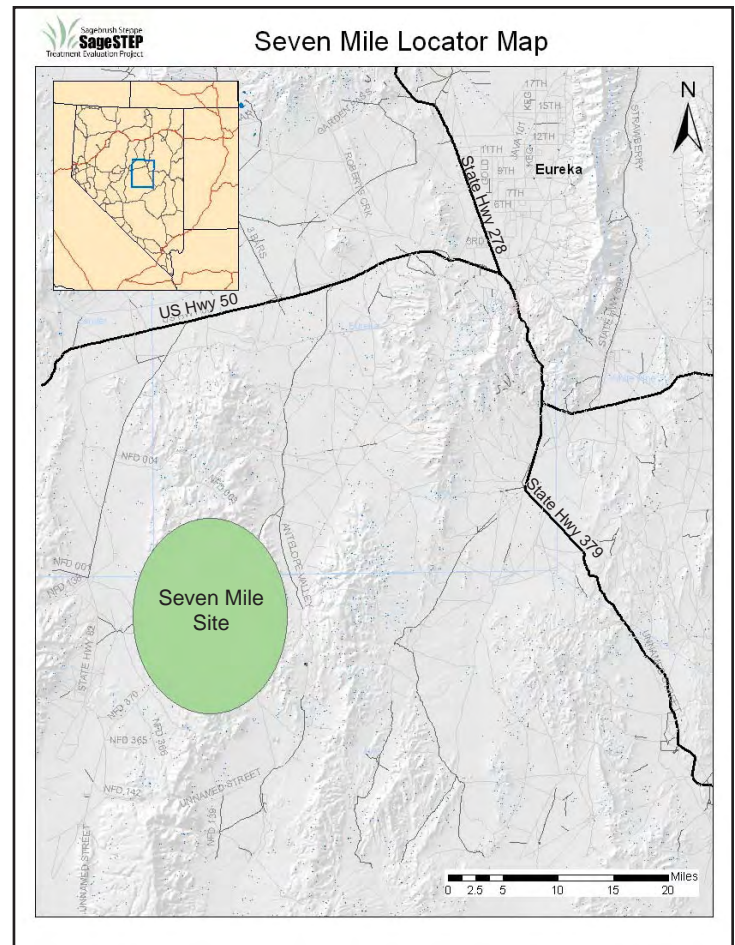
**Common Vegetation:** Utah juniper, singleleaf pinyon pine, Wyoming big sagebrush, green rabbitbrush, bluebunch wheatgrass, Sandberg bluegrass, Indian ricegrass, needleandthread, Nevada needlegrass, long-leaf phlox, mat buckwheat, cushion buckwheat

**Soils:** Loamy-skeletal, loamy, and clayey-skeletal, mixed, frigid

**Fire Regime:** Historical fire return interval of 30-40 years. Woodland invasion and canopy closure have significantly increased the risk of less frequent, catastrophic fire in these communities.

**Representative Land Base:** Vast acreages in both the High Central and High Calcareous Provinces

**Grazing:** The mechanical plot is on an active grazing allotment, and will be fenced for the duration of the study to exclude livestock. The other plots are not currently grazed.



### Questions about this site?

Contact outreach coordinator Lael Gilbert at [lael.gilbert@usu.edu](mailto:lael.gilbert@usu.edu) or site manager Maggie Gray at [maggie.gray@usu.edu](mailto:maggie.gray@usu.edu).

[www.sagestep.org](http://www.sagestep.org)

## Land Management Treatments

This site is part of the study of woodland encroachment into sagebrush communities. The primary objective is to find out how much native sagebrush and bunchgrasses need to be present at the time of treatment in order for managers to improve land health without having to conduct expensive re-seeding. Treatments were implemented at this site in fall 2007.

- Prescribed burn
- Mechanical treatment: all trees >0.5m tall cut and left on site
- Control plot: untreated

