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Examining Cultural and Chemical Treatments to Fusarium Bulb Rot in Onions

Tim Miller Utah State University, thamiller27@icloud.com

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Examining Cultural and Chemical treatments to

Fusarium Bulb rot in Onions

Background

A grower in northern Utah lost 40% of his onions to a Fusarium bulb rot. This fungus has caused other outbreaks, but it is poorly studied, and little is known about effective control measures.

Methods

In Vitro Component

Mycelial discs were put onto petri dishes that contained a mixture of potato dextrose agar at half strength along with different fungicides. Five different fungicides were tested. They were allowed to grow at 30°C for seven days and then the average daily growth was measured.

In Field Component

Vaquero onions were grown in the USU research farm in Kaysville. Seven of the eight treatments were inoculated with *F. proliferatum,* and each treatment received different chemical and cultural treatment (see graph to the right). Onions were topped, and then stored for two weeks. After storage, all onions were cut open and checked for Fusarium bulb rot.

Results

In Vitro Component

The fungicides Pristine and Luna Tranquility performed the best and were selected for use in the field component of the experiment

In Field Component

Treatments 2 and 3 both had numerically lower percentages for total percent infected, although none of the observed differences were statistically similar.





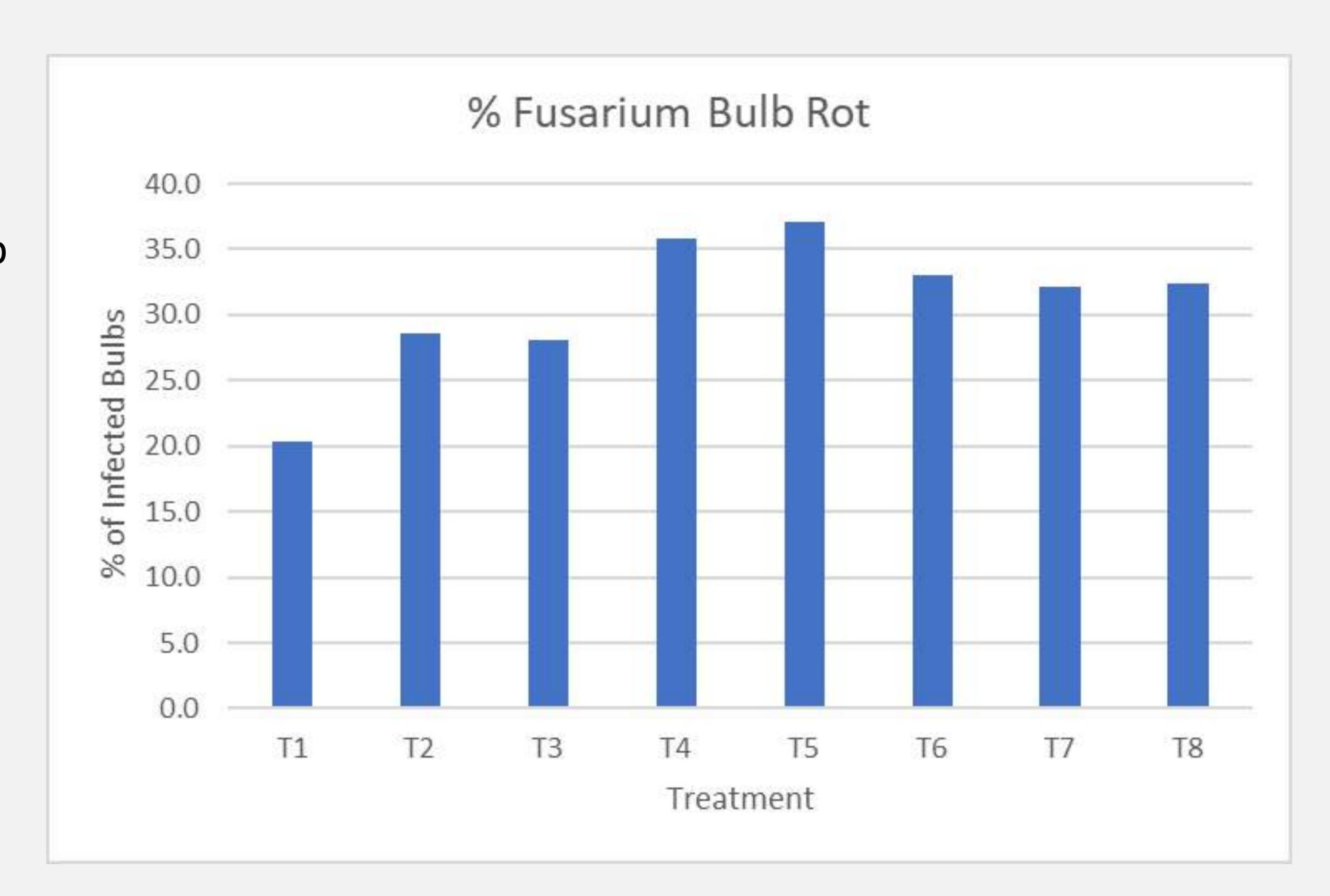


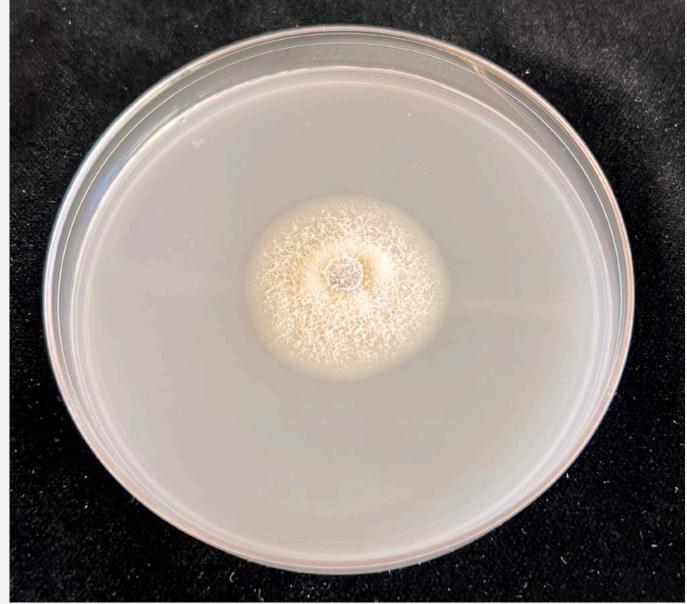
T1 – Uninoculated Check w/ Short Neck T2 – Long Cut Neck T3 – Short Cut Neck w/ 1 app of Pristine T4 – Short Cut Neck T5 – Short Neck w/ 1 application of Luna Tranquility T6 – Long Neck w/ 2 applications of Luna Tranquility T7 – Short Neck w/ 2 applications of Pristine T8 – Long Neck w/ 1 application of Pristine

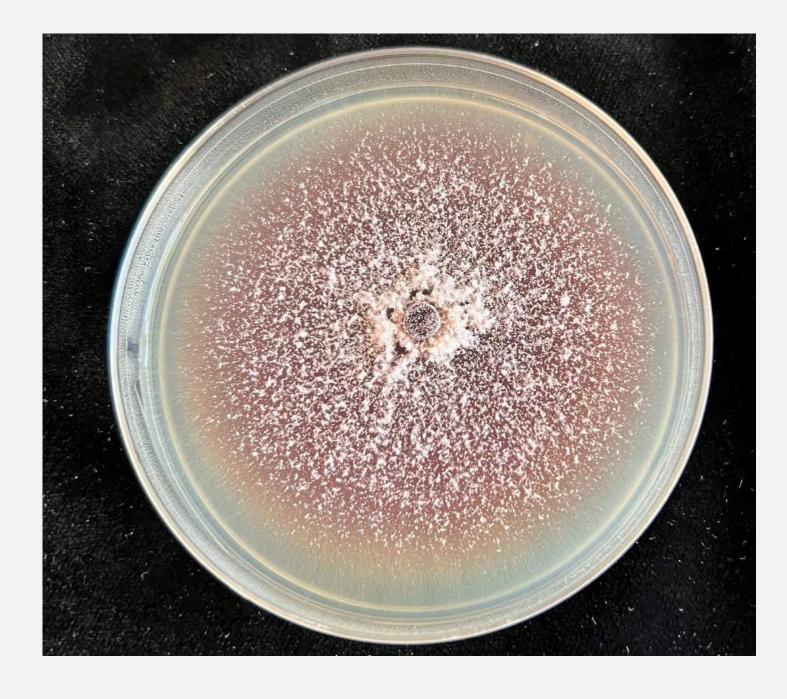


Pictures above depict *Fusarium proliferatum* grown on media mixed with different fungicides. From left to right: Pristine, Luna Tranquility, and a nontreated control.

These images show onions infected with *Fusarium proliferatum*.







Tim Miller | Utah State University Claudia Nischwitz | Utah State University