NOW LET US BE THANKFUL FOR
WHAT WE ARE ABOUT TO SEE
“I’M SO GLAD YOU ALL COULD COME!!!!”
“I KNOW IT’S A SECRET GARDEN, I WILL TAKE JUST ONE PICTURE.”
"I SAW THAT!!!"
“I WASN’T DONE TALKING, GET BACK HERE!!!”
“WHERE CAN I PUT THESE SEEDS?”
“WE PROMISE, YOU WILL LOVE IT”
“YES, WE DO!!!”
“MY BEST SIDE!!!!”
“THIS IS THE MOST FUN I’VE HAD IN A LONG TIME.”
“WOULD YOU LOOK AT THAT!!!”
“HOW OLD DO YOU HAVE TO BE TO TAKE THIS CLASS?”
OUR LEADER
“IS THIS A PLUG???”
ART IN THE GARDEN
“OH, AND THE THINGS YOU WILL SEE!!!!”
Diagnostic
"I KNOW YOU TOLD US FIVE TIMES, BUT CAN YOU SAY IT JUST ONCE MORE?"
same location? Have herbicides or other chemicals been used in the area? Look at the weather history and determine if there have been any unusually cold, hot or wet climatic conditions in the past.

Many above-ground symptoms indicate root rot. Small, yellow or wilting leaves, poor terminal growth or little fruit or fewer production often indicate root rot. Most of the plant diseases in Utah are caused by soil-borne pathogens. Look for dead roots or dead areas in the bark. Healthy roots are white or cream colored. If the insides are brown or black, the plant likely has root rot.

6. Pathogenic diseases are caused by living organisms. These include fungi, bacteria, viruses, mycoplasmas and other organisms. These diseases are best controlled by changing the environment. In our area, this is best done by controlling irrigation.

7. Nonpathogenic diseases are environmental problems. These are not caused by living organisms. These can be due to temperature extremes, water excesses or deficiencies, nutrient problems or mechanical damage. These diseases are not controlled by fungicides or other chemicals.

8. Insects and related pests fall into two major categories. Some can be either chew your plants or suck out the juices, while others can be quite destructive. Most insects are hidden in the soil or under the soil. While slugs and snails are the most destructive, they are not the only pests. Many types of insects can be a major problem.

OTHER DEPOT
One of the problems with depots is the large amount of labor required to maintain them. The labor costs can be significant, especially in the winter months when labor is at a premium. The labor costs can be reduced by using a labor-saving device such as a labor-saving cart or labor-saving machine.

INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT
Most pest control methods have adverse or non-chemical effects on the environment. Integrated Pest Management (IPM) methods look at all the alternatives that can control the pests, both pesticide and non-pesticide options. Spraying often kills the predatory insects and makes the problem worse. Always carefully identify the problem and look at the alternatives before spraying.

SUMMARY
When diagnosing a plant disease, first consider that the disease is caused by a living organism. Determine what plants are infected and how the plants are infected. Consider other factors that may have contributed to the disease. Be certain to keep the soil moist, but not wet, that the soil drains properly.
“MAN HE IS GOOD.”
“WHAT DID HE SAY?”
“DID YOU GET THAT???”
“IT’S NOT THAT HIGH.”
“UP WE GO”
“LOOK LIKE WE MADE IT!”
GOD MADE RAINY DAYS SO GARDENERS COULD GET THE HOUSEWORK DONE.

"BUT, WE ARE DEIDACATED"