

A Digital Risk Twin for the Design and Certification of Distributed Space Based Space Surveillance Systems

SSC23-P3-14

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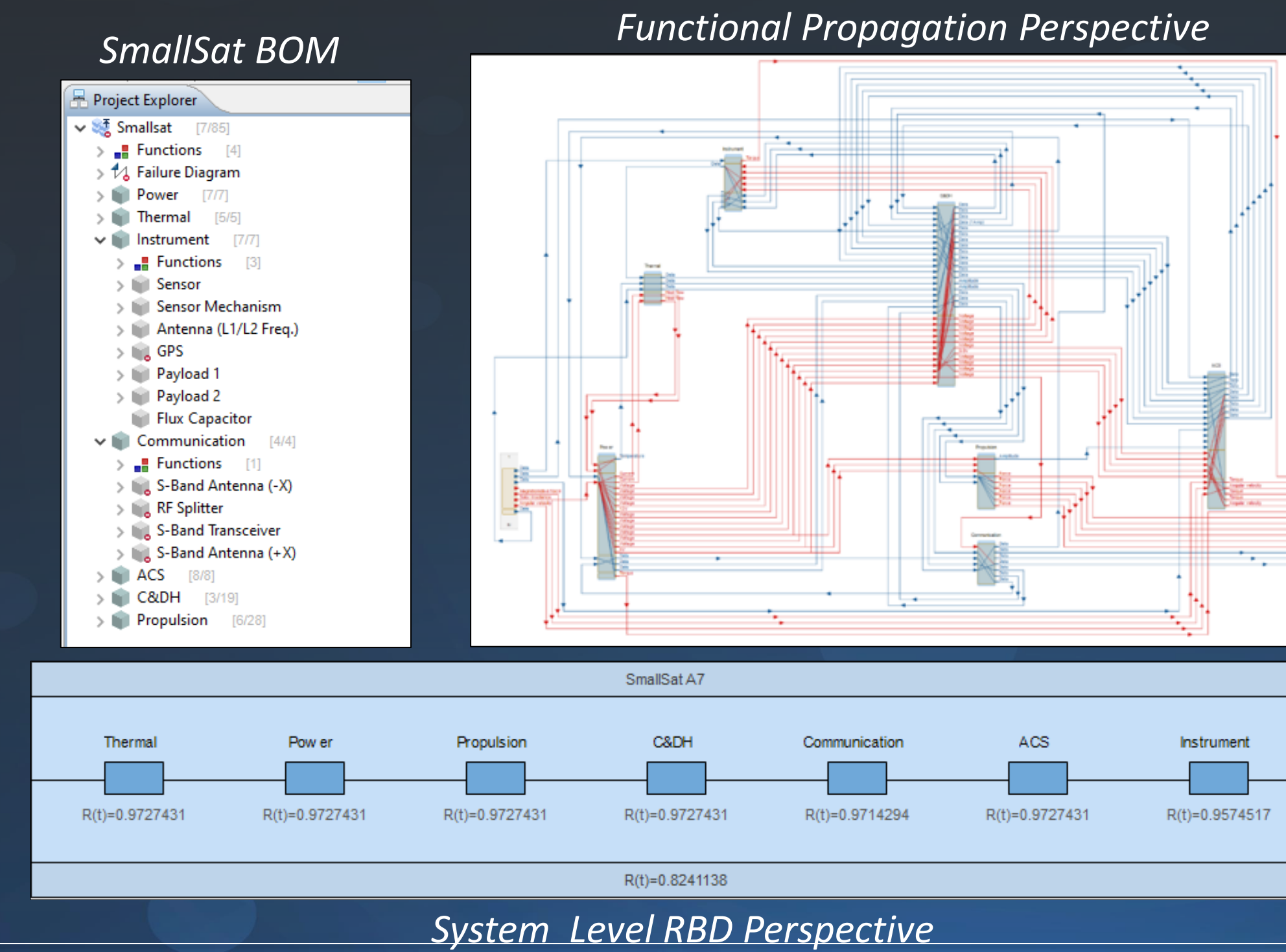
PHM Technology
Decisions better made

Objectives

- Development of a Digital Risk Twin (DRT) of a Distributed Satellite System Mission to perform Preliminary Mission Reliability Estimates
- Quantify mission reliability considering platform reliability and required System of Systems (SoS) configuration for mission assurance
- Provide ability to perform rapid trade studies on Mission Reliability given varied SmallSat platform and distributed configuration requirements

NASA SmallSat Reference DRT

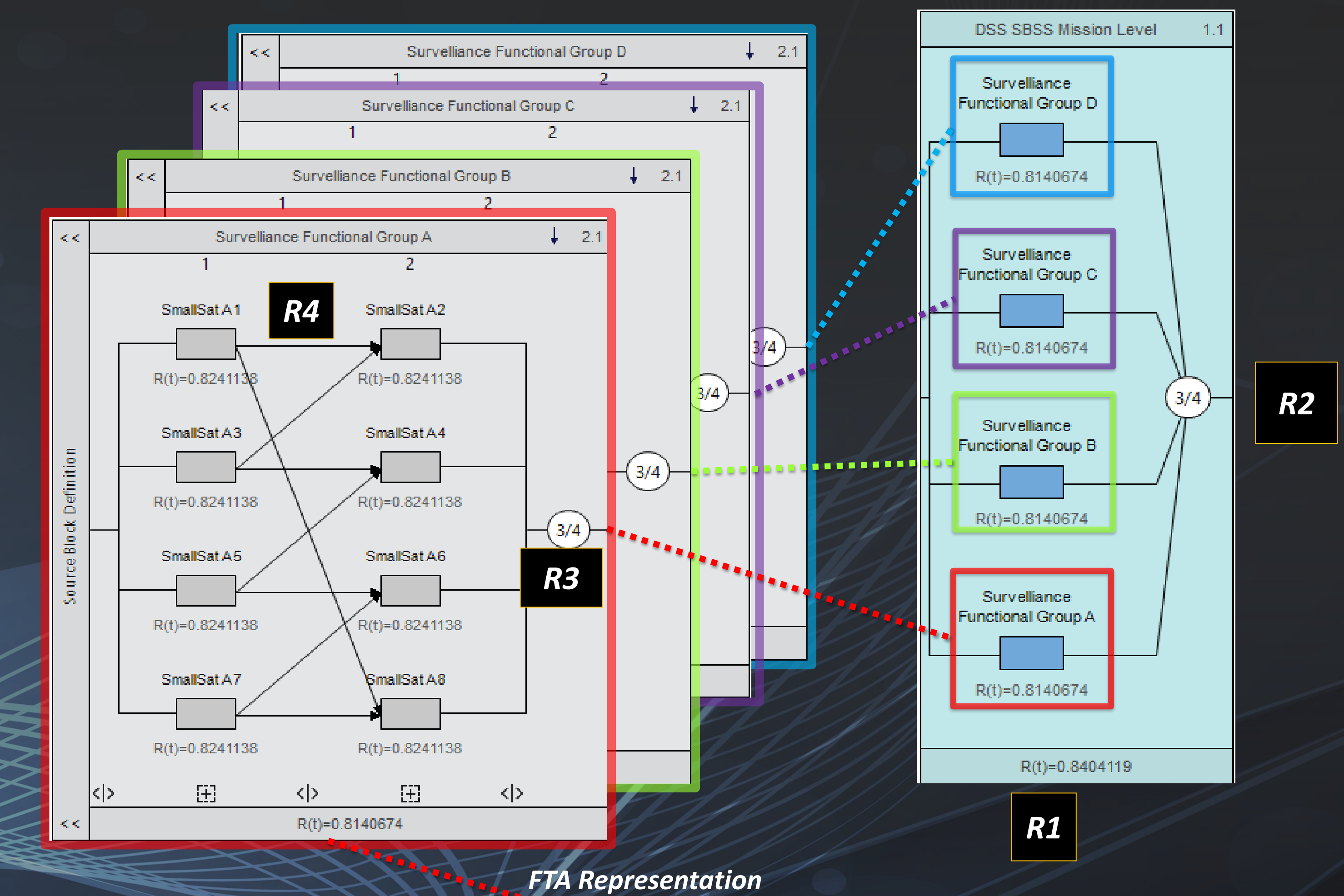
- Built by Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC), in collaboration with PHM Technology
- SmallSat model used a basis for DSS SBSS Mission (RBD Perspective)



Mission Requirements

- R1** DSS Mission shall demonstrate required probability of success for Class D Mission
- R2** DSS mission shall provide at least 3 out of 4 functional surveillance groups (orbital planes)
- R3** Surveillance groups shall provide at least 3 functioning observation groups within each plane
- R4** An Observation group shall require two adjacent SmallSat platforms in each respective plane.

Systems of Systems SmallSat Configuration for Initial Mission Reliability Estimates

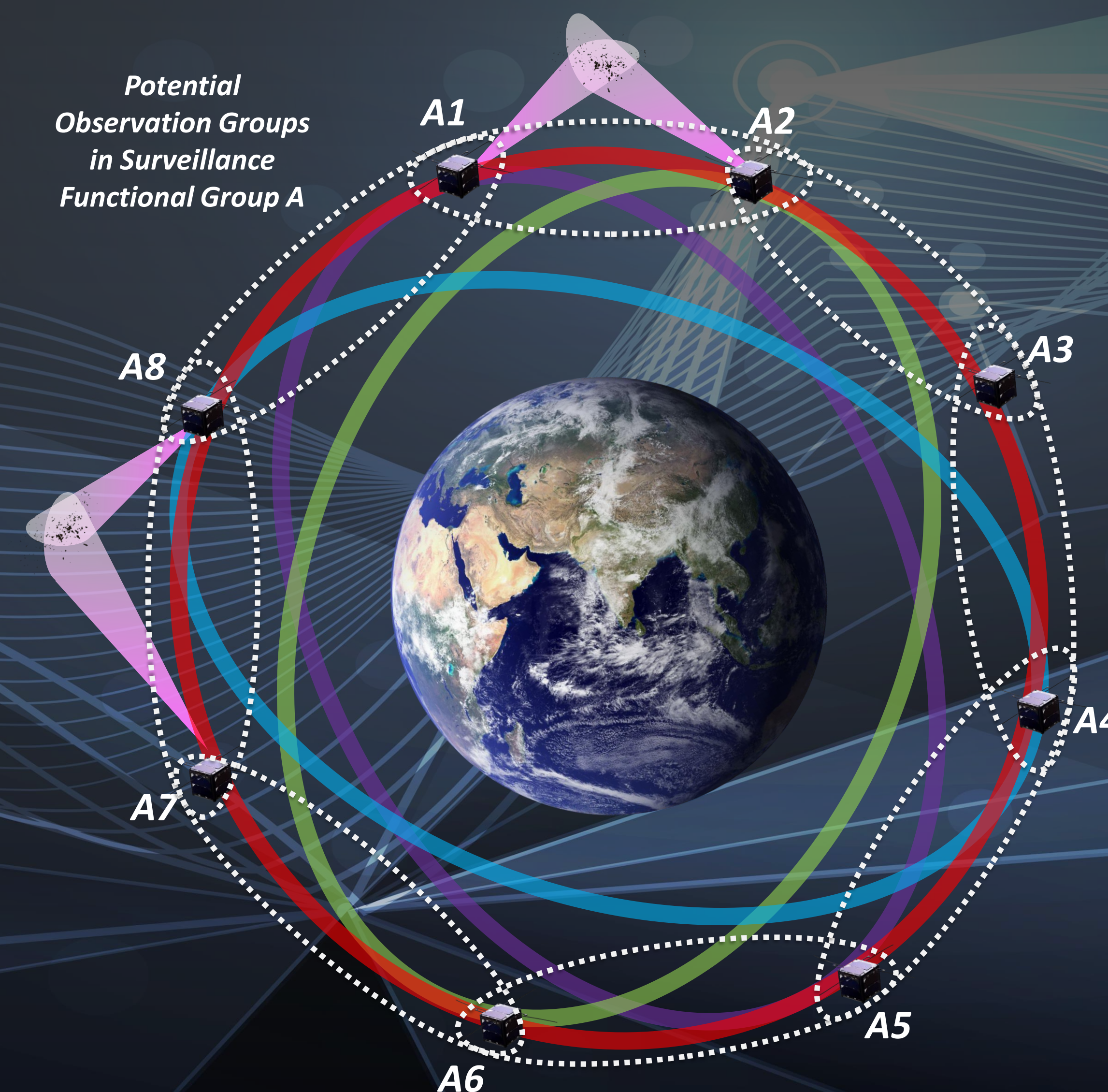


The Digital Risk Twin

- Model-based engineering (MBE) has proven to be a key technology facilitator to achieve detailed, representative RAMS analysis of complex systems.
- Requires a suite of interlinked models with a common pool of data and system structure.
- In the MADe™ software, these suites of models that each capture different safety viewpoints are fused to generate a Digital Risk Twin (DRT) of our system
- The core capability of the DRT is the explicit modelling of system dependency simulation in the context of Safety & Mission Assurance Risk Assessment

Example DSS Mission Description

- DSS Mission consists of 36 SmallSat platforms split over between 4 planes A,B,C,D with an evenly distributed RAA
- Each SmallSat Platform are equipped with Optical Sensors for RSO tracking



Conclusions

- DRT enables efficient creation and validation of system of system architectures for DSS missions

Future Work

- Simulation driven assessments to quantify effects of downtime from orbit maintenance and collision avoidance manoeuvres on DSS Availability